



# **UNDERGROUND SCENARIO**



# **Underground Context**



- Different infrastructure under the same area
- Unconnected information for the management of assets and systems (damages during maintenance activities)
- Environmental ← impact → infrastructure
- Safety and security







### **UNDERGROUND Scenario**



**Objectives**: enforce the dialogue between utility companies and Public Administrations to improve the sharing of underground data and the data flow toward and from the Public Administration.

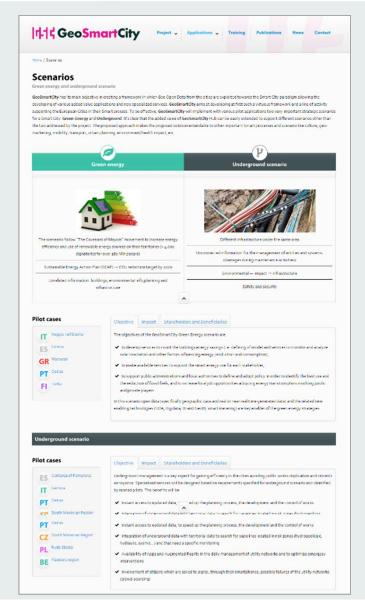
### Benefits:

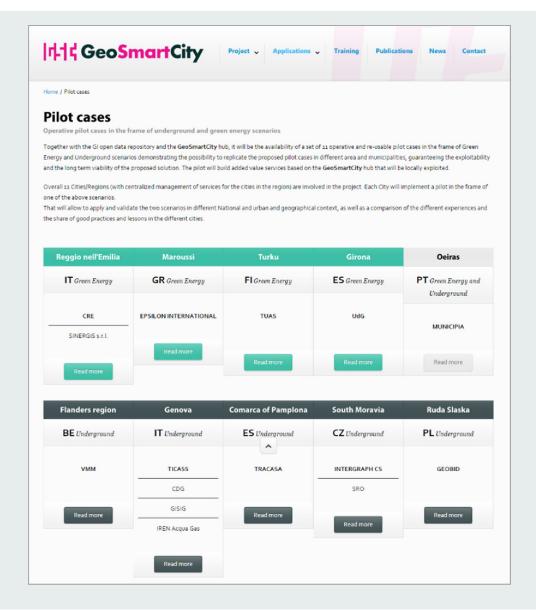
- access to updated data, to speed up the planning process, the development and the control of works
- Integration of underground data with territorial data to search for papelines located in risk zones (hydrogeologic, hydraulic, sysmic...) and that need a specific monitoring
- Availability of Apps and Augmented Reality in the daily management of utility networks and to optimize emergecy interventions
- Involvement of citizens which are asked to signal, through their smartphones, possible failures of the utility networks (crowd-sourcing)

6 pilot cases (ES, IT, PT, BE, CZ, PL)











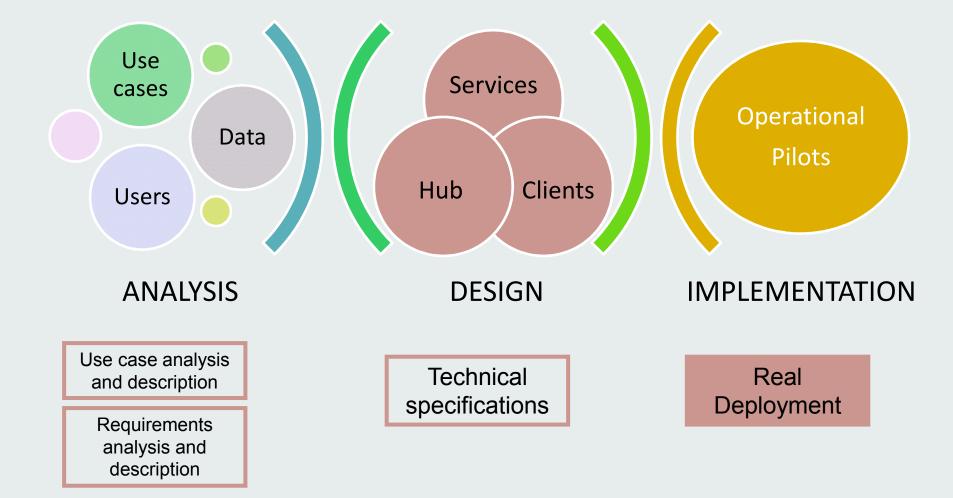


# Use Cases and Requirements



# **PROJECT PHASES**







# **Underground Pilots**



# **Status**

- 6 pilot sites in EU
- 12 Use cases
- 53 User/System Requirements

# **Commonalities**

- The improvement of the efficiency of the underground network management (mainly in terms of integration of resources from different actors)
- The citizen involvement (crowdsourcing mobile apps)



# Pilot in Pamplona (Spain)



### **Use cases:**

- Consulting real-time data of the water supply and sanitation systems in a GIS viewer.
- Check smart sensor values or incidents in networks

### **General Objectives:**

- They want to improve the water and sewage GIS existing platform:
- Integrating <u>real-time information</u> provided by smart sensors through a SCADA system (a computer system for gathering and analyzing real time data)
- Consult a map with values from sensors or incidents from SCADA

- The SCADA system should be linked to the GIS through standardized protocols
- An interface should enable the user to communicate with the SCADA system to consult the real-time data
- The platform should enable the user to generate thematic maps (geoprocessing)





# Pilot in Genova (Italy)



### **Use cases:**

- Underground Cadastre
- Field works
- Underground networks and environmental hazards



## **General Objectives:**

- Integrate different underground information layers from different actors (mainly Municipality and Multi-utilities)
- Include <u>INSPIRE</u> compliant data in the city underground data management workflow (Harmonisation of gas, water and sewer datasets)
- Use of mobile client for data management
- Use of advanced visualization techniques such as <u>Augmented Reality</u>
- Use of a high precision positioning (<u>GNSS</u>) device integrated with mobile client for field works
- Intersection between Underground Network and <u>Environmental Hazard</u> <u>information</u>



# Pilot in Oeiras (Portugal)



### **Use cases:**

Underground Event Management

### **General Objectives:**

- The Municipality wants to implement an event management platform.
- This platform will take shape in a mobile **<u>crowdsourcing</u>** app for characterization and location of **<u>ruptures in water network</u>**.
- The System shall serve as a Metadata and Open Data provider through Web Services (WMS, WCS, ...).

- An authenticated user must approve the crowdsourcing inputs to appear on the map.
- The web client should ensure different authentication levels depending on user roles.
- Open data: All information must be available to be used by applications from other stakeholders.





# Pilot in South Moravian Region (CZ)



### **Use cases:**

Mobile application



### **General Objectives:**

- Focus the provision or <u>volunteered geographic information</u> (VGI) trough a mobile app to report a problems on the public underground infrastructure.
- Use of mobile clients by municipalities and companies technicians (equipped with innovative visualization features such as <u>Augmented Reality</u>) to support the management and update of existing data on the field.

- Take a picture, determine local position, user comment and send it to appropriate service.
- Read data from dedicated WFS and display them in AR environment.



# Pilot in Ruda Śląska (Poland)



### **Use cases:**

•An integrated WebGIS platform giving the ability to verify/update basic information on the underground networks and to share the data in order to clarify the ownership issues.

### **General Objectives:**

- •Similar to the Genova case, this pilot also focuses on the <u>integration and</u> <u>harmonization of the underground network</u> data coming from the municipality and the Utility companies.
- •Data and specialized services will be integrated in existing GIS platform supporting an integrated approach on the management and maintenance of the networks.

- Mobile and web clients
- Authenticated access to information and permission roles





# Pilot in Flanders Region (Belgium)



### **Use cases:**

- Mobile application for the management of the sewage database
- Crowd-sourcing tool



### **General Objectives:**

- Focus on the conformance of the Flanders sewer network data to <u>INSPIRE</u> specifications
- Manage sewage network from a <u>mobile/web client</u> application
- Integrate in the system a <u>crowdsourcing</u> component so the sewage database can be consulted by the public in order to report possible anomalies or remarks.

- The application must give the opportunity to professionals to enter data, upload different files and to propose changes to geodata.
- The updates (by the users) are live but will only be implemented in the sewage database after validation.





